

Designation: A 194/A 194M - 03b

Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts for Bolts for High Pressure or High Temperature Service, or Both¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 194/A 194M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

Note—Corrections to Table 2 and paragraph S3.1 were made editorially and the year date was changed on October 28, 2003.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification² covers a variety of carbon, alloy, and martensitic stainless steel nuts in the size range ½ through 4 in. and metric M6 through M100 nominal. It also covers austenitic stainless steel nuts in the size range ¼ in. and M6 nominal and above. These nuts are intended for high-pressure or high-temperature service, or both. Grade substitutions without the purchaser's permission are not allowed.
- 1.2 Bars from which the nuts are made shall be hot-wrought. The material may be further processed by centerless grinding or by cold drawing. Austenitic stainless steel may be solution annealed or annealed and strain-hardened. When annealed and strain hardened austenitic stainless steel is ordered in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S1, the purchaser should take special care to ensure that 7.2.2, Supplementary Requirement S1, and Appendix X1 are thoroughly understood.
- 1.3 Supplementary requirements (S1 through S6) of an optional nature are provided. These shall apply only when specified in the inquiry, contract, and order.
- 1.4 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and in SI units. However, unless the order specifies the applicable" M" specification designation (SI units), the material shall be furnished to inch-pound units.
- 1.5 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in noncomformance with the specification.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards: ³

A 153/A 153M Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware

A 276 Specification for Stainless Steel Bars and Shapes

A 320/A 320M Specification for Alloy-Steel Bolting Materials for Low-Temperature Service

A 370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

A 962/A 962M Specification for Common Requirements for Steel Fasteners or Fastener Materials, or Both, Intended for Use at Any Temperature from Cryogenic to the Creep Range

B 633 Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Zinc on Iron and Steel

B 695 Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel

B 696 Specification for Coatings of Cadmium Mechanically Deposited

B 766 Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Cadmium

E 112 Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size

2.2 American National Standards:⁴

B 1.1 Unified Screw Threads

B 1.13M Metric Screw Threads

B 18.2.2 Square and Hex Nuts

B 18.2.4.6M Metric Heavy Hex Nuts

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.1.1 Austenitic Grades—All grades with a prefix of "8" or "9"

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.22 on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Materials for Piping and Special Purpose Applications.

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² For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SA-194 in Section II of that code.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

⁴ Available from American National Standards Institute, 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

- 3.1.2 Ferritic Grades—Grades 1, 2, 2H, 2HM, 3, 4, 6, 6F, 7, 7M, and 16.
 - 3.1.3 *Lot*:
- 3.1.3.1 Unless otherwise specified (see 3.1.3.2), a lot is the quantity of nuts of a single nominal size and grade produced by the same manufacturing process.
- 3.1.3.2 When Supplementary Requirement S5 is invoked on the purchase order, the following definitions of a lot shall apply:

For Grade 8 Nuts—The quantity of all the nuts of a single nominal diameter and grade made from the same heat of steel and made by the same manufacturing process.

For All Other Grade Nuts (see 7.2 and 7.1.2.1)—All the nuts of a single nominal diameter and grade made from the same heat number and heat treated in the same batch if batch-type heat treating equipment is used or heat treated in the same continuous run of not more than 8 h under the same conditions if continuous-type heat treating equipment is used.

- 3.1.4 For Grade 8 Nuts—Variations within the grade designated by a letter and differentiated by chemistry and by manufacturing process.
- 3.1.5 For Grade 6 Nuts—Variations within the grade designated by the letter F as differentiated by chemical additions made for machineability.
- 3.1.6 *Series*—The dimensional relationship and geometry of the nuts as described in ANSI B 18.2.2 or B 18.2.4.6M.

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 The inquiry and order for material under this specification shall include the following as required to describe the material adequately:
- 4.1.1 Specification designation, year date, and grade, issue date and revision letter,
 - 4.1.2 Quantity, number of pieces,
 - 4.1.3 Dimensions (see Section 8),
- 4.1.4 Options in accordance with 7.2.2.1, 8.1, 8.2, 9.3, and 11, and
 - 4.1.5 Supplementary Requirements, if any.
- 4.2 Coatings—Coatings are prohibited unless specified by the purchaser. Nuts plated with cadmium or zinc shall be marked as stated in 12.2. When coated nuts are ordered, the purchaser should take special care to ensure that Appendix X2 is thoroughly understood. It is the purchaser's responsibility to specify in the purchase order all information required by the coating facility. Examples of such information may include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 4.2.1 Reference to the appropriate coating specification: Specifications B 766, B 696, A 153/A 153M, B 695, B 633, or other specifications as agreed upon by the purchaser and manufacturer.
- 4.2.2 Requirements for coating thickness and local or batch average thickness measurement, or both.
- 4.2.3 Requirements for selective plating or coating or modification of dimensions to accommodate coating.
 - 4.2.4 Requirements for hydrogen embrittlement relief.
- 4.3 See Supplementary Requirement S3 for nuts to be used in low temperature applications (Specification A 320/A320M).

5. Common Requirements

5.1 Material and fasteners supplied to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A 962/A 962M. These requirements include test methods, finish, thread dimensions, marking, certification, optional supplementary requirements, and others. Failure to comply with the requirements of Specification A 962/A 962M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflict between the requirements of this specification and Specification A 962/A 962M, this specification shall prevail.

6. Manufacture (Process)

- 6.1 Stainless steels for all types of Grade 6 and 8 nuts shall be made by one of the following processes:
- 6.1.1 Electric-furnace (with separate degassing and refining optional),
 - 6.1.2 Vacuum induction furnace, or
- 6.1.3 Either of the above followed by electroslag remelting, or consumable-arc remelting.
- 6.2 The steel producer shall exercise adequate control to eliminate excessive unhomogeneity, nonmetallics, pipe, porosity, and other defects.
- 6.3 Grades 1 and 2 nuts shall be hot or cold forged, or shall be machined from hot-forged, hot-rolled, or cold-drawn bars.
- 6.3.1 All Grade 1 and 2 nuts made by cold forging or by machining from cold-drawn bars shall be stress-relief annealed at a temperature of at least 1000°F [538°C].
- 6.3.2 Grade 1 and 2 nuts made by hot forging or by machining from hot-forged or hot-rolled bars need not be given any stress relief annealing treatment.
- 6.4 Grades 2H, 2HM, 3, 4, 6, 6F, 7, 7M, and 16 nuts shall be hot- or cold-forged or shall be machined from hot-forged, hot-rolled, or cold-drawn bars and shall be heat treated to meet the required mechanical properties. These grades shall be reheated above the critical range of the steel, quenched in a suitable medium, and then tempered at a temperature not less than the following:

| | Minimum Tempering Temperature,°F |
|----------|----------------------------------|
| Grade | [°C] |
| 2H | 850 [455] |
| 2HM | 1150 [620] |
| 3 | 1050 [565] |
| 4 | 1100 [595] |
| 6 and 6F | 1100 [595] |
| 7 | 1100 [595] |
| 7M | 1150 [620] |
| 16 | 1200 [650] |
| | |

Nuts machined from bar heat treated in accordance with this specification need not be reheat-treated. For Grade 2HM and 7M nuts, a final stress relief shall be done at or above the minimum tempering temperature after all forming, machining, and tapping operations. This final stress relief may be the tempering operation.

- 6.4.1 Grade 6 and 6F nuts shall be tempered for a minimum of 1 h at the temperature.
- 6.5 Grades 8, 8C, 8M, 8T, 8F, 8P, 8N, 8MN, 8R, 8S, 8LN, 8MLN, 8MLCuN, and 9C nuts shall be hot or cold forged, or shall be machined from hot-forged, hot-rolled or cold-drawn bars.

6.6 Grades 8A, 8CA, 8MA, 8TA, 8FA, 8PA, 8NA, 8MNA, 8RA, 8SA, 8LNA, 8MLNA, 8MLCuNA, and 9CA nuts shall be hot- or cold-forged or shall be machined from hot-forged, hot-rolled, or cold-drawn bars and the nuts shall subsequently be carbide-solution treated by heating them for a sufficient time at a temperature to dissolve chromium carbides followed by cooling at a rate sufficient to prevent reprecipitation of the carbides.

7. Mechanical Requirements

- 7.1 Hardness Test:
- 7.1.1 Requirements:
- 7.1.1.1 All nuts shall be capable of meeting the hardness requirements specified in Table 2.
- 7.1.1.2 Sample nuts of Grades 1, 2, 2H, 2HM, 3, 4, 7, 7M, and 16 which have been given the treatment described in 7.1.5 shall meet the minimum hardness specified in Table 2.
- 7.1.2 *Number of Tests* (Grades 1, 2, 2H, 3, 4, 7, and 16 and all types of Grade 6):
- 7.1.2.1 Tests on the number of sample nuts in accordance with the following table shall be performed by the manufacturer following all production heat treatments:

| Lot Size | Samples |
|----------------|---------|
| Up to 800 | 1 |
| 801 to 8000 | 2 |
| 8001 to 22 000 | 3 |
| Over 22 000 | 5 |

- 7.1.2.2 In addition, a hardness test shall be performed by the manufacturer in accordance with 7.1.5 on one sample nut selected from each nominal diameter and series from each grade and heat number following completion of all production heat treatments.
 - 7.1.3 *Number of Tests, Grades 2HM and 7M*:
- 7.1.3.1 The maximum hardness of Grade 2HM and 7M shall be 235 HB or 99 HRB. Product which has been 100 % tested and found acceptable shall have a line under the "M."
 - 7.1.3.2 In addition, 7.1.2.2 shall be met.
- 7.1.4 *Number of Tests, All Types of Grade* 8—Tests on the number of sample nuts in accordance with 7.1.2.1 shall be performed by the manufacturer.
- 7.1.5 Test 2—In addition to the testing required by 7.1.2.1 the manufacturer shall also perform hardness tests on sample nuts after the following test heat treatment. After completion of all production heat treatments heat the specimen nuts to the temperatures indicated below for 24 h, then slow cool. Test at room temperature.

| | Temperature, |
|-------------|--------------|
| Grade | °F [°C] |
| 1 | 850 [455] |
| 2, 2H, 2HM | 1000 [540] |
| 3, 4, 7, 7M | 1100 [590] |
| 16 | 1200 [650] |
| | |

- 7.1.5.1 Special Requirement, Grades 2HM and 7M—Preparation of Grades 2HM and 7M nuts for hardness test and the hardness test itself shall be performed with consideration to (1) protect legibility of markings; (2) minimize exterior dimensional changes; and (3) maintain thread fit.
 - 7.2 Proof Load Test:

- 7.2.1 *Requirements*—All nuts shall be capable of withstanding the proof loads specified in Table 3 and Table 4. However, nuts manufactured to dimensions and configurations other than those covered by ANSI B 1.1, ANSI B 1.13M, ANSI B 18.2.2, and B 18.2.4.6M are not subject to the proof load test.
 - 7.2.2 Number of Tests:
- 7.2.2.1 Tests on the number of sample nuts in accordance with 7.1.2.1 shall be performed by the manufacturer following all production heat treatments except that, unless proof load testing or Supplementary Requirement S1 is specified in the order, nuts which would require a proof load in excess of 120 000 lbf or 530 kN may be furnished on the basis of minimum hardness requirements. Proof load testing of nuts requiring a proof load of over 120 000 lbf or 530 kN is covered in Supplementary Requirement S4.
- 7.2.3 *Test Method*—The test shall be in accordance with Annex A3, Paragraph A3.5.1, of Test Methods and Definitions A 370
 - 7.3 Cone Proof Load Test:
- 7.3.1 *Requirements*—This test shall be performed only when visible surface discontinuities become a matter of issue between the manufacturer and the purchaser. The requirements specified in Table 5 and Table 6 shall be met for the size range ½ to ½ in. and M6 to M36. Nuts not in this size range and all types of Grade 8 nuts are not subject to this test. Also, nuts manufactured to dimensions and configurations other than those covered by ANSI B 1.1, ANSI B 1.13M, ANSI B 18.2.2, and ANSI B 18.2.4.6M are not subject to the cone proof load test.
- 7.3.2 *Number of Tests*—Sample nuts in accordance with 7.1.2.1 shall be tested by the manufacturer.
- 7.3.3 Test Method—The test shall consist of assembling a hardened cone (see Fig. 1) and the nut to be tested on a hardened steel mandrel, and applying the proof load specified in Table 5 and Table 6. The mandrel shall conform to the requirements of Annex A3, Paragraph A3.5.1 of Test Methods and Definitions A 370 except that the threads shall be in accordance with ANSI B 1.1 of the appropriate thread series, Class 3A fit or ANSI B 1.13M of the appropriate thread pitch, tolerance 4H. The hardened cone shall be as described in Fig. 2. The lot shall be considered acceptable if the sample nut withstands application of the proof load without failure.

8. Dimensions

- 8.1 Nuts shall be hexagonal in shape, and in accordance with the dimensions for the hex or heavy hex series, as required, by ANSI B 18.2.2 and ANSI B 18.2.4.6M. Unless otherwise specified, the American National Standard Heavy Hex Series shall be used and nuts shall be either double chamfered or have a machined or forged washer face, at the option of the manufacturer, and, conform to the angularity requirements of ANSI B 18.2.2 and ANSI B 18.2.4.6M.
- 8.2 Unless otherwise specified, threads shall be in accordance with ANSI B 1.1 or ANSI B 1.13M, and shall be gaged in accordance with ANSI B 1.2 and ANSI B 1.13M as described in 8.2.1 and 8.2.2.
- 8.2.1 Nuts up to and including 1 in. nominal size shall be UNC Series Class 2B fit. Metric nuts up to and including M24 nominal size shall be coarse thread series tolerance 6H.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements^{A,B,C}

| Grade Symbol | Material | UNS Number | Carbon, | Manganese, | Phosphorus, % | Sulfur, ^D % | Silicon, % | Chromium, | Nickel, % | Molyb- denum, % | Tita- nium, % | Colum- bium and Tanta- lum, % | Nitrogen, % | Other Elements, % |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------|--|
| 1 | carbon | | 0.15 min | 1.00 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.40 | | | | | | | |
| 2, 2HM, and 2H | carbon | | 0.40 min | 1.00 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.40 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | carbon, molyb- denum | | 0.40-0.50 | 0.70-0.90 | 0.035 | 0.040 | 0.15-0.35 | | | 0.20-0.30 | | | | |
| 3 | Type 501 | | 0.10 min | 1.00 | 0.040 | 0.030 | 1.00 | 4.0-6.0 | | 0.40-0.65 | | | | |
| 6 | Type 410 | S41000 | 0.15 | 1.00 | 0.040 | 0.030 | 1.00 | 11.5-13.5 | | | | | | |
| 6F | Type 416 | S41600 | 0.15 | 1.25 | 0.060 | 0.15 min | 1.00 | 12.0–14.0 | | | | | | |
| 6F | Type 416Se | S41623 | 0.15 | 1.25 | 0.060 | 0.060 | 1.00 | 12.0–14.0 | | | | | | Selenium, 0.15 min |
| 7, 7M | Type 4140/ 4142/ 4145, 4140H, 4142H, 4145H | | 0.37–0.49 | 0.65–1.10 | 0.035 | 0.04 | 0.15–0.35 | 0.75–1.20 | | 0.15–0.25 | | | | |
| 8, 8A | | S30400 | 0.08 | 2.00 | 0.045 | 0.030 | 1.00 | 18.0-20.0 | 8.0-11.0 | | | | | |
| 8C, 8CA | | S34700 | 0.08 | 2.00 | 0.045 | 0.030 | 1.00 | 17.0–19.0 | 9.0–12.0 | | | 10 x carbon content, min | | |
| 8M, 8MA | Type 316 | S31600 | 0.08 | 2.00 | 0.045 | 0.030 | 1.00 | 16.0-18.0 | 10.0-14.0 | 2.00-3.00 | | | | |
| 8T, 8TA | Type 321 | S32100 | 0.08 | 2.00 | 0.045 | 0.030 | 1.00 | 17.0–19.0 | 9.0–12.0 | | 5 x (C+N) min - 0.70 max | | | |
| 8F, 8FA | Type 303 | S30300 | 0.15 | 2.00 | 0.20 | 0.15 min | 1.00 | 17.0–19.0 | 8.0–10.0 | | | | | |
| 8F, 8FA | Type 303Se | S30323 | 0.15 | 2.00 | 0.20 | 0.06 | 1.00 | 17.0–19.0 | 8.0–10.0 | | | | | Selenium, 0.15 min |
| 8P, 8PA | Type 305 with restricted carbon | S30500 | 0.08 | 2.00 | 0.045 | 0.030 | 1.00 | 17.0–19.0 | 11.0–13.0 | | | | | |
| 8N, 8NA | Type 304N | S30451 | 0.08 | 2.00 | 0.045 | 0.030 | 1.00 | 18.0–20.0 | 8.0–11.0 | | | | 0.10-0.16 | |
| 8LN, 8LNA | Type 304LN | S30453 | 0.030 | 2.00 | 0.045 | 0.030 | 1.00 | 18.0–20.0 | 8.0–11.0 | | | | 0.10–0.16 | |
| 8MN, 8MNA | Type 316N | S31651 | 0.08 | 2.00 | 0.045 | 0.030 | 1.00 | 16.0–18.0 | 10.0–13.0 | | | | 0.10-0.16 | |
| 8MLNA | Type 316LN | S31653 | 0.030 | 2.00 | 0.045 | 0.030 | 1.00 | 16.0–18.0 | 10.0–13.0 | 2.00-3.00 | | | 0.10-0.16 | |
| 8R, 8RA ^E | XM19 | S20910 | 0.06 | 4.0–6.0 | 0.045 | 0.030 | 1.00 | 20.5–23.5 | 11.5–13.5 | 1.50-3.00 | | 0.10-0.30 | 0.20-0.40 | Vanadium, 0.10–0.30 |
| 8S, 8SA 8MLCuN, 8MLCuNA | | S21800 S31254 | 0.10 0.020 | 7.0–9.0 1.00 | 0.060 0.030 | 0.030 0.010 | 3.5–4.5 0.80 | 16.0–18.0 19.5–20.5 | 8.0–9.0 17.5–18.5 | 6.0–6.5 | | | 0.08–0.18 0.18–0.22 | Copper, 0.50–1.00 |
| 9C, 9CA | N08367 | N08367 | 0.030 | 2.00 | 0.040 | 0.030 | 1.00 | 20.0-22.0 | 23.5- 25.5 | 6.0-7.0 | | | 0.18-0.25 | Copper 0.75 |
| 16 | Chromium Molyb- denum Vanadium | | 0.36–0.47 | 0.45-0.70 | 0.035 | 0.040 | 0.15-0.35 | 0.80–1.15 | | 0.50-0.65 | | | | Vanadium, 0.25–0.35 Aluminum ^B 0.015 |

A The intentional addition of BI, Se, Te, and Pb is not permitted except for Grades 6F, 8F, and 8FA, in which Se is specified and required. B Total aluminum, soluble and insoluble.

C Maximum, unless minimum or range is indicated.
D Because of the degree to which sulfur segregates, product analysis for sulfur over 0.060 % max is not technologically appropriate.
A described in Specification A 276.

TABLE 2 Hardness Requirements

| | | Completed Nut | S | Sample Nut after | Treatment as in 7.1.5 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Grade and Type | Brinell Hardness — | Rockwell | Hardness | Brinell — Hardness, | Rockwell Hardness B |
| | Tiaranooo | C Scale | B Scale | min | Scale, min |
| 1 | 121 min | | 70 min | 121 | 70 |
| 2 | 159 to 352 | | 84 min | 159 | 84 |
| 2H | 248 to 327 | 24 to 35 | | 179 | 89 |
| To 11/2 in. or M36, incl | 248 to 327 | 24 to 35 | | 179 | 89 |
| Over 1½ in. or M36 | 212 to 327 | 35 max | 95 min | 147 | 79 |
| 2HM and 7M | 159 to 237 | 22 max | | 159 | 84 |
| 3, 4, 7, and 16 | 248 to 327 | 24 to 35 | | 201 | 94 |
| 6 and 6F | 228 to 271 | 20 to 28 | | | |
| 8, 8C, 8M, 8T, 8F, 8P, 8N, | 126 to 300 | ••• | 60 to 105 | | |
| 8MN, 8LN, 8MLN, 8MLCuN, and 9C | 126 to 300 | | 60 to 105 | | |
| 8A, 8CA, 8MA, 8TA, | 126 to 192 | ••• | 60 to 90 | | |
| 8FA, 8PA, 8NA, 8MNA, | 126 to 192 | | 60 to 90 | | |
| 8LNA, 8MLNA, and 8MLCuNA | 126 to 192 | | 60 to 90 | | |
| 8R, 8RA, 8S, and 8SA | 183 to 271 | B 88 to C 25 | ••• | | |
| 9C, 9CA | 126 to 192 | | 60 to 90 | | |

8.2.2 Nuts over 1 in. nominal size shall be either UNC Series Class 2B fit or 8 UN Series Class 2B fit. Unless otherwise specified, the 8 UN series shall be furnished. Metric nuts over M24 nominal size shall be coarse thread series tolerance 6H.

9. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

- 9.1 Nuts shall be free of defects and shall be good commercial finish.
- 9.2 If visible surface imperfections in size ½ through 1½ in. and M6 through M36 and in any grade other than Grade 8 become a matter of issue between the manufacturer and the purchaser, the cone proof load test described in 7.3 shall be employed.
- 9.3 If a scale-free bright finish is required, this shall be specified on the purchase order.

10. Retests

10.1 Provisions for retests by the purchaser and his representative are specified in Supplementary Requirement S2.

11. Certification

11.1 The producer of nuts shall furnish a certification to the purchaser or his representative showing the results of the chemical analysis, macroetch examination (Carbon and Alloy Steels Only), mechanical tests, and the minimum tempering temperature for nuts of Grades 2H, 2HM, 3, 4, 6, 6F, 7, and 7M.

- 11.2 Certification shall also include at least the following:
- 11.2.1 A statement that the fasteners were manufactured, sampled, tested and inspected in accordance with the specification and any supplementary requirements or other requirements designated in the purchase order or contract and was found to meet those requirements.
- 11.2.2 The specification number, year date, and identification symbol.

12. Product Marking

- 12.1 All nuts shall bear the manufacturer's identification mark.
- 12.2 Nuts shall be legibly marked on one face to indicate the grade and process of the manufacturer, as presented in Table 7. Marking of wrench flats or bearing surfaces is not permitted unless agreed upon between manufacturer and purchaser. Nuts coated with zinc shall have an asterisk (*) marked after the grade symbol. Nuts coated with cadmium shall have a plus sign (+) marked after the grade symbol.
- 12.3 For purposes of identification marking, the manufacturer is considered the organization that certifies the fastener was manufactured, sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with the specification and the results have been determined to meet the requirements of this specification.

13. Keywords

13.1 bolting; chemical analysis; coated; marking on fasteners; plated

TABLE 3 Proof Load Using Threaded Mandrel — Inch Series

Note 1-Proof loads are not design loads.

| | | | | | Proof | Load, lbf ^A | | |
|----------------------|------------------|--------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Nominal Size, in. | Threads per Inch | | G | rade 1 | Grades 2, | 2HM, 6, 6F, 7M | Grades 2H, 3, 4, 7, 16 | |
| 0120, 111. | por mon | | Heavy Hex ^B | Hex ^C | Heavy Hex ^D | Hex ^E | Heavy Hex ^F | Hex ^G |
| 1/4 | 20 | 0.0316 | 4 130 | 3 820 | 4 770 | 4 300 | 5 570 | 4 770 |
| 16 | 18 | 0.0524 | 6 810 | 6 290 | 7 860 | 7 070 | 9 170 | 7 860 |
| 3∕8 | 16 | 0.0774 | 10 080 | 9 300 | 11 620 | 10 460 | 13 560 | 11 620 |
| 7 /16 | 14 | 0.1063 | 13 820 | 12 760 | 15 940 | 14 350 | 18 600 | 15 940 |
| 1/2 | 13 | 0.1419 | 18 450 | 17 030 | 21 280 | 19 160 | 24 830 | 21 280 |
| 1 6 | 12 | 0.182 | 23 660 | 21 840 | 27 300 | 24 570 | 31 850 | 27 300 |
| V/8 | 11 | 0.226 | 29 380 | 27 120 | 33 900 | 30 510 | 39 550 | 33 900 |
| 3/4 | 10 | 0.334 | 43 420 | 40 080 | 50 100 | 45 090 | 58 450 | 50 100 |
| /8 | 9 | 0.462 | 60 060 | 55 440 | 69 300 | 62 370 | 80 850 | 69 300 |
| 1 | 8 | 0.606 | 78 780 | 72 720 | 90 900 | 81 810 | 106 000 | 90 900 |
| 11/8 | 8 | 0.790 | 102 700 | 94 800 | 118 500 | 106 700 | 138 200 | 118 500 |
| 1 1/4 | 8 | 1.000 | 130 000 | 120 000 | 150 000 | 135 000 | 175 000 | 150 000 |
| 13/8 | 8 | 1.233 | 160 200 | 148 000 | 185 000 | 166 500 | 215 800 | 185 000 |
| 11/2 | 8 | 1.492 | 194 000 | 170 040 | 223 800 | 201 400 | 261 100 | 223 800 |

| | | | All Types of Grade | | |
|------|----|--------|------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | | Heavy Hex ^H | Hex ¹ | |
| 1/4 | 20 | 0.0316 | 2 540 | 2 380 | |
| 5/16 | 18 | 0.0524 | 4 190 | 3 930 | |
| 3/8 | 16 | 0.0774 | 6 200 | 5 810 | |
| 7/16 | 14 | 0.1063 | 8 500 | 7 970 | |
| 1/2 | 13 | 0.1419 | 11 350 | 10 640 | |
| 9/16 | 12 | 0.182 | 14 560 | 13 650 | |
| 5/8 | 11 | 0.226 | 18 080 | 16 950 | |
| 3/4 | 10 | 0.334 | 26 720 | 25 050 | |
| 7/8 | 9 | 0.462 | 36 960 | 34 650 | |
| 1 | 8 | 0.606 | 48 480 | 45 450 | |
| 11/8 | 8 | 0.790 | 63 200 | 59 250 | |
| 11/4 | 8 | 1.000 | 80 000 | 75 000 | |
| 1% | 8 | 1.233 | 98 640 | 92 450 | |
| 1½ | 8 | 1.492 | 119 360 | 111 900 | |

^A See limit for proof load test in 7.2.2.1. The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated load. ^B Based on proof stress of 130 000 psi. ^C Based on proof stress of 120 000 psi.

^D Based on proof stress of 150 000 psi.

^E Based on proof stress of 135 000 psi.

F Based on proof stress of 175 000 psi.

G Based on proof stress of 150 000 psi.

H Based on proof stress of 80 000 psi.

¹Based on proof stress of 75 000 psi.

TABLE 4 Proof Load Using Threaded Mandrel — Metric

Note 1-Proof loads are not design loads.

| Nominal | | | | | Proof Loa | ad, kN ^A | | |
|---------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Size, | Threads Pitch | Stress Area mm ² | Grad | e 1 | Grades 2, 2HI | M, 6, 6F, 7M | Grades 2H, | 3, 4, 7, 16 |
| mm | mm | | Heavy Hex ^B | Hex ^C | Heavy Hex ^D | Hex ^E | Heavy Hex ^F | Hex ^G |
| M6 | 1.0 | 20.1 | 18.0 | 16.6 | 20.8 | 18.7 | 29.2 | 20.8 |
| M8 | 1.25 | 36.6 | 32.8 | 30.2 | 37.9 | 34.0 | 44.1 | 37.9 |
| M10 | 1.50 | 58.0 | 51.9 | 47.9 | 60.0 | 53.9 | 69.9 | 60.0 |
| M12 | 1.75 | 84.3 | 75.5 | 69.5 | 87.3 | 78.4 | 101.6 | 87.3 |
| M14 | 2.0 | 115.0 | 102.9 | 94.9 | 119.0 | 107.0 | 138.6 | 119.0 |
| M16 | 2.0 | 157.0 | 140.5 | 129.5 | 162.5 | 146.0 | 189.2 | 162.5 |
| M20 | 2.5 | 245.0 | 219.3 | 202.1 | 253.6 | 227.8 | 295.2 | 253.6 |
| M22 | 2.5 | 303.0 | 271.2 | 249.9 | 313.6 | 281.8 | 365.1 | 313.6 |
| M24 | 3.0 | 353.0 | 315.9 | 291.2 | 365.4 | 328.3 | 425.4 | 365.4 |
| M27 | 3.0 | 459.0 | 411.0 | 378.7 | 475.1 | 426.9 | 553.4 | 475.1 |
| M30 | 3.5 | 561.0 | 502.1 | 462.8 | 580.6 | 521.7 | 676.0 | 580.6 |
| M36 | 4.0 | 817.0 | 731.2 | 674.0 | 845.6 | 759.8 | 984.5 | 845.6 |

| | Thread Pitch | | of Grade 8, and s 9C and 9CA | | |
|------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Nominal Size, mm | | Stress Area, mm ² | Heavy Hex ^H | Hex ¹ | |
| M6 | 1.0 | 20.1 | 11.1 | 10.4 | |
| M8 | 1.25 | 36.6 | 20.1 | 18.8 | |
| M10 | 1.50 | 58.0 | 31.9 | 29.9 | |
| M12 | 1.75 | 84.3 | 46.4 | 43.4 | |
| M14 | 2.0 | 115.0 | 63.3 | 59.2 | |
| M16 | 2.0 | 157.0 | 86.4 | 80.9 | |
| M20 | 2.5 | 245.0 | 134.8 | 126.2 | |
| M22 | 2.5 | 303.0 | 166.7 | 156.0 | |
| M24 | 3.0 | 353.0 | 194.2 | 181.8 | |
| M27 | 3.0 | 459.0 | 252.5 | 236.4 | |
| M30 | 3.5 | 561.0 | 308.6 | 288.9 | |
| M36 | 4.0 | 817.0 | 449.4 | 420.8 | |

^A See limit for proof load test in 7.2.2.1. The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated load. ^B Based on proof stress of 895 MPa.

^C Based on proof stress of 825 MPa.

^D Based on proof stress of 1035 MPa.

^E Based on proof stress of 930 MPa.

F Based on proof stress of 1205 MPa.
G Based on proof stress of 1035 MPa.

H Based on proof stress of 550 MPa.

¹Based on proof stress of 515 MPa.

TABLE 5 Proof Load Using 120° Hardened Steel Cone — Inch^A

| | | | | | Proof Lo | ad, lbf | | |
|---------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------|
| Nominal Threads Size, in. per Inch | | Stress Area in. ² | Grado 1 | | Grades 2, 2HI | M, 6, 6F, 7M | Grades 2H, 3, 4, 7, 16 | |
| | | Heavy Hex ^B | Hex ^C | Heavy Hex ^D | Hex ^E | Heavy Hex ^F | Hex ^D | |
| 1/4 | 20 | 0.0318 | 3 800 | 3 550 | 4 400 | 4 000 | 5 150 | 4 400 |
| 5/16 | 18 | 0.0524 | 6 150 | 5 700 | 7 100 | 6 400 | 8 300 | 7 100 |
| 3/8 | 16 | 0.0774 | 8 950 | 8 250 | 10 300 | 9 300 | 12 000 | 10 300 |
| 7/16 | 14 | 0.1063 | 12 000 | 11 100 | 13 850 | 12 450 | 16 150 | 13 850 |
| 1/2 | 13 | 0.1419 | 15 700 | 14 500 | 18 100 | 16 300 | 21 100 | 18 100 |
| 9/16 | 12 | 0.182 | 19 650 | 18 150 | 22 700 | 20 400 | 26 500 | 22 700 |
| 5/8 | 11 | 0.226 | 23 900 | 22 050 | 27 550 | 24 800 | 32 150 | 27 550 |
| 3/4 | 10 | 0.334 | 33 650 | 31 050 | 38 850 | 34 950 | 45 300 | 38 850 |
| 7/8 | 9 | 0.462 | 44 300 | 40 900 | 51 100 | 46 600 | 59 650 | 51 100 |
| 1 | 8 | 0.606 | 55 150 | 50 900 | 63 650 | 57 300 | 74 250 | 63 650 |
| 11/8 | 8 | 0.790 | 68 000 | 62 800 | 78 500 | 70 650 | 91 600 | 78 500 |
| 11/4 | 8 | 1.000 | 81 250 | 75 000 | 93 750 | 84 400 | 109 350 | 93 750 |
| 13/8 | 8 | 1.233 | 94 250 | 86 950 | 108 750 | 97 800 | 126 850 | 108 750 |
| 11/2 | 8 | 1.492 | 106 700 | 98 500 | 123 100 | 110 800 | 143 600 | 123 100 |

A Based upon the following equation (this equation cannot be used for extrapolating values beyond the size ranges listed in this table):

 $CPL = (1 - 0.30D) \times f \times As$

where:

CPL = cone stripping proof load lbf, D = nominal diameter of nut, in.,

f = minimum proof stress of nut, psi; see footnote b, c, d, e, and f, As = tensile stress area of nut, in.² = 0.7854 [D - 0.9743/n]², and

n = threads per inch.

TABLE 6 Proof Load Using 120° Hardened Steel Cone — Metric^A

| | | | | | Proof Lo | ad, kN | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Nominal Size, mm | Thread Pitch | Stress Area mm ² | Grade | e 1 | Grades 2, 2HI | M, 6 6F, 7M | Grades 2H, | 3, 4, 7, 16 |
| oize, iiiii i iicii | | Heavy Hex ^B | Hex ^C | Heavy Hex ^D | Hex ^E | Heavy Hex ^F | Hex ^D | |
| M6 | 1.0 | 20.1 | 16.9 | 15.4 | 19.3 | 17.3 | 22.5 | 19.3 |
| M8 | 1.25 | 36.6 | 29.6 | 27.3 | 34.2 | 30.8 | 39.9 | 34.2 |
| M10 | 1.50 | 58.0 | 45.7 | 42.1 | 52.8 | 47.5 | 61.5 | 52.8 |
| M12 | 1.75 | 84.3 | 64.6 | 59.5 | 74.7 | 67.1 | 86.9 | 74.7 |
| M14 | 2.0 | 115.0 | 85.6 | 78.9 | 99.0 | 88.9 | 115.3 | 99.0 |
| M16 | 2.0 | 157.0 | 113.5 | 104.7 | 131.2 | 118.0 | 152.9 | 131.2 |
| M20 | 2.5 | 245.0 | 166.6 | 153.6 | 192.7 | 173.2 | 224.4 | 192.7 |
| M22 | 2.5 | 303.0 | 199.6 | 183.9 | 230.8 | 207.4 | 268.7 | 230.8 |
| M24 | 3.0 | 353.0 | 224.9 | 207.4 | 260.1 | 233.7 | 302.9 | 260.1 |
| M27 | 3.0 | 459.0 | 277.7 | 256.0 | 321.1 | 288.6 | 373.9 | 321.1 |
| M30 | 3.5 | 561.0 | 321.3 | 296.2 | 371.6 | 334.0 | 432.6 | 371.6 |
| M36 | 4.0 | 817.0 | 415.3 | 382.8 | 480.3 | 431.6 | 559.2 | 480.3 |

A Based upon the following equation (this equation cannot be used for extrapolating values beyond the size ranges listed in this table):

 $CPL = (1 - 0.012D) \times f \times As \times 0.001$

where:

CPL = cone stripping proof load lbf [kN],D = nominal diameter of nut, in. [mm],

f = minimum proof stress of nut, psi [MPa]; see footnote b, c, d, e, and f,

As = tensile stress area of nut, $mm^2 = 0.7854 [D - 0.9382P]^2$, and

n = thread pitch, mm.

 $^{\it B}$ Based on proof stress of 895 MPa.

^C Based on proof stress of 825 MPa.

^D Based on proof stress of 1035 MPa.

E Based on proof stress of 1035 MPa.

F Based on proof stress of 1205 MPa.

^B Based on proof stress of 130 000 psi.

^C Based on proof stress of 120 000 psi.

^D Based on proof stress of 150 000 psi.

^E Based on proof stress of 135 000 psi.

F Based on proof stress of 175 000 psi.

♣ A 194/A 194M – 03b

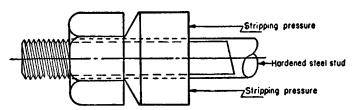


FIG. 1 Application of Hardened Steel Cone to Testing of Nuts

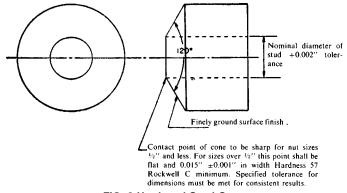


FIG. 2 Hardened Steel Cone

TABLE 7 Marking of Nuts

| | Nuts Hot- | Nuts Machined | Nuts Manu- |
|--------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| Grade and | Forged or | from Bar | factured in |
| Type | _ Cold- | Stock | Accordance |
| | Punched | | with 6.6 |
| 1 | 1 | 1B | |
| 2 | 2 | 2B | |
| 2H ^A | 2H | 2HB | |
| 2H <u>M</u> ^A | 2H <u>M</u> | 2H <u>M</u> B | |
| 3 | 3 | 3B | |
| 4 | 4 | 4B | |
| 4L ^B | 4L | 4BL | |
| 6 | 6 | 6B | |
| 6F | 6F | 6FB | |
| 7 | 7 | 7B | |
| 7L ^B | 7L | 7BL | |
| 7 <u>M</u> ^ | 7 <u>M</u> | 7 <u>M</u> B | |
| 8 | 8 | 8B | 8A |
| 8C | 8C | 8CB | 8CA |
| 8M | 8M | 8MB | 8MA |
| 8T | 8T | 8TB | 8TA |
| 8F | 8F | 8FB | 8FA |
| 8P | 8P | 8PB | 8PA |
| 8N | 8N | 8NB | 8NA |
| 8MN | 8MN | 8MNB | 8MNA |
| 8R | 8R | 8RB | 8RA |
| 8S | 8S | 8SB | 8SA |
| 8LN | 8LN | 8LNB | 8LNA |
| 8MLN | 8MLN | 8MLNB | 8MLNA |
| 8MLCuN | 8MLCuN | 8MLCuNB | 8MLCuNA |
| 9C | 9C | 9CB | 9CA |
| 16 | 16 | 16B | |

 $^{^{\}rm A}$ The letters H and M indicate heat-treated nuts (see Section 6). $^{\rm B}$ See Supplementary Requirement S3.

SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

One or more of the following supplementary requirements shall be applied only when specified by the purchaser in the inquiry, contract, or order. Details of these supplementary requirements shall be agreed upon in writing by the manufacturer and purchaser. Supplementary requirements shall in no way negate any requirement of the specification itself.

S1. Strain-Hardened Austenitic Steel Nuts

S1.1 Strain hardened Grades 8, 8C, 8T, 8M, 8F, 8P, 8N, or 8MN nuts may be specified. When Supplementary Requirement S1 is invoked in the order, nuts shall be machined from cold drawn bars or shall be cold forged to shape. No subsequent heat treatment shall be performed on the nuts. Nuts made in accordance with this requirement shall be proof load tested in accordance with 7.2.2.1 and shall withstand the proof load specified in Table 8 and Table 9. For nuts requiring proof loads over 120 000 lbf or 530 kN, Supplementary Requirement S4 is invoked. The hardness limits of Table 2 do not apply to strain hardened nuts. Nuts made in accordance with this requirement shall be marked with the Grade symbol underlined.

S2. Retests by Purchaser's Representative

S2.1 The purchaser's representative may select two nuts per keg (200-lb unit [90-kg]) for sizes $\frac{5}{8}$ in.and M16 and smaller, one nut per keg for sizes over $\frac{5}{8}$ in. and M16 up to and including $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. and M36, and one nut per every two kegs for sizes larger than $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. and M36, which shall be subjected to the tests specified in Section 7.

S3. Low-Temperature Requirements for Grade 4, Grade 7 or Grade 7M Nuts

S3.1 When low-temperature requirements are specified for Grade 4 or Grade 7 nuts, the Charpy test procedures and requirements as defined in Specification A 320/A 320M for

Grade L7 shall apply. When low-temperature requirements are specified for Grade 7M nuts, the Charpy test procedures and requirements as defined in Specification A 320/A 320M for Grade L7M shall apply. Depending on the size of nuts, separate test samples of the same heat may be required and shall be processed through heat treatment with the nuts for which the test is to apply. Impact testing is not required when the bar stock or nut is smaller than 5/8 in. in diameter or 16M in diameter.

S3.2 An" L" shall be added to the marking, as shown in Table 7, for nuts so tested.

S4. Proof Load Tests of Large Nuts

S4.1 Proof load testing of nuts requiring proof loads of over 120 000 lbf or 530 kN may be required. When specified, the test is to be performed in accordance with 7.2 to the loads required by Table 10 and Table 11. The maximum load will be based entirely on the equipment available.

S5. Control of Product by Heat Number

S5.1 When control of nuts by actual heat analysis is required and this supplementary requirement is specified, the manufacturer shall identify the completed nuts in each shipment by the actual heat number. When this supplementary requirement is specified, a certificate including the results of the actual production tests of each test lot together with the heat chemical analysis shall be furnished by the manufacturer.

TABLE 8 Proof Load Testing of Strain Hardened Nuts Using Threaded Mandrel — Inch Series

Note 1-Proof loads are not design loads.

| Proof Load, lbf ^A | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Nominal Size, in. | Threads per in. | Stress Area, in. ² | Grade 8M (strain hardened) | Grade 8M (strain hardened) | All Other Types of Grade 8 (strain hardened) | All Other Types of Grade 8 (strain hardened | |
| | | | Heavy Hex ^B | Hex ^C | Heavy Hex ^D | Hex ^B | |
| 1/4 | 20 | 0.0316 | 3 480 | 3 160 | 3 950 | 3 480 | |
| 5/16 | 18 | 0.0523 | 5 760 | 5 240 | 6 550 | 5 760 | |
| 3/8 | 16 | 0.0774 | 0.0774 8 510 | | 9 675 | 8 510 | |
| 7/16 | 14 | 0.1063 | 11 690 | 10 630 | 13 290 | 11 690 | |
| 1/2 | 13 | 0.1419 | 15 610 | 14 190 | 17 740 | 15 610 | |
| 9/16 | 12 | 0.182 | 20 020 | 18 200 | 22 750 | 20 020 | |
| 5/8 | 11 | 0.226 | 24 860 | 22 600 | 28 250 | 24 860 | |
| 3/4 | 10 | 0.334 | 36 740 | 33 400 | 41 750 | 36 740 | |
| 7/8 | 9 | 0.462 | 46 200 | 41 580 | 53 130 | 46 200 | |
| 1 | 8 | 0.606 | 60 600 | 54 540 | 69 690 | 60 600 | |
| 11/8 | 8 | 0.790 | 75 050 | 67 150 | 82 950 | 75 050 | |
| 11/4 | 8 | 1.000 | 95 000 | 85 000 | 105 000 | 95 000 | |
| 13/8 | 8 | 1.233 | 110 970 | 98 640 | 123 300 | 110 970 | |
| 11/2 | 8 | 1.492 | 134 280 | 119 360 | 149 200 | 134 280 | |

^A The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated value.

B Based on proof stress of 110 000 psi up to ¾ in.; 100 000 psi 7% to 1 in.; 95 000 psi 11% to 11/4 in.; 90 000 psi 13/8 to 11/2 in.

^C Based on proof stress of 100 000 psi up to ¾ in.; 90 000 psi ½ to 1 in.; 85 000 psi 1½ to 1¼ in.; 80 000 psi 1½ to 1½ in.

^D Based on proof stress of 125 000 psi up to ¾ in.; 115 000 psi 7% to 1 in.; 105 000 psi 11% to 11/4 in.; 100 000 psi 13% to 11/2 in.

TABLE 9 Proof Load Testing of Strain Hardened Nuts Using Threaded Mandrel — Metric

Note 1-Proof loads are not design loads.

| Proof Load, kN ^A | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Nominal Size, mm | Thread Pitch | Stress Area, mm ² | Grade 8M (strain hardened) | Grade 8M (strain hardened) | All Other Types of Grade 8 (strain hardened) | All Other Types of Grade 8 (strain hardened | |
| | | | Heavy Hex ^B | Hex ^C | Heavy Hex ^D | Hex ^B | |
| M6 | 1.0 | 20.1 | 15.3 | 13.9 | 17.3 | 15.3 | |
| M8 | 1.25 | 36.6 | 27.8 | 25.3 | 31.3 | 27.8 | |
| M10 | 1.50 | 58.0 | 44.1 | 40.0 | 49.9 | 44.1 | |
| M12 | 1.75 | 84.3 | 64.1 | 58.2 | 72.5 | 64.1 | |
| M14 | 2.0 | 115.0 | 87.4 | 79.4 | 98.9 | 87.4 | |
| M16 | 2.0 | 157.0 | 119.3 | 108.3 | 135.0 | 119.3 | |
| M20 | 2.5 | 245.0 | 186.2 | 169.0 | 210.9 | 186.2 | |
| M22 | 2.5 | 303.0 | 209.0 | 187.9 | 240.9 | 209.0 | |
| M24 | 3.0 | 353.0 | 243.5 | 218.9 | 280.6 | 243.5 | |
| M27 | 3.0 | 459.0 | 300.6 | 268.5 | 332.7 | 300.6 | |
| M30 | 3.5 | 561.0 | 367.5 | 328.2 | 406.7 | 367.5 | |
| M36 | 4.0 | 817.0 | 506.5 | 449.4 | 563.7 | 506.5 | |

^A The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated value.

TABLE 10 Proof Load for Large Heavy Hex Nuts — Inch^A

| NIiI | Threads per in. | Stress Area, in. ² | Proof Load, lbf ^B | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Nominal Size, in. | | | Grade 1 Heavy Hex | Grades 2, 6, 6F Heavy Hex | Grades 2H, 3, 4, 7, 16 Heavy Hex |
| 15/8 | 8 | 1.78 | 231 400 | 267 000 | 311 500 |
| 13/4 | 8 | 2.08 | 270 400 | 312 000 | 364 000 |
| 17/8 | 8 | 2.41 | 313 300 | 361 500 | 421 800 |
| 2 | 8 | 2.77 | 360 100 | 415 500 | 484 800 |
| 21/4 | 8 | 3.56 | 462 800 | 534 000 | 623 000 |
| 21/2 | 8 | 4.44 | 577 200 | 666 000 | 777 000 |
| 23/4 | 8 | 5.43 | 705 900 | 814 500 | 950 250 |

^A ANSI B18.2.2 in the size range over 1½ in. provides dimensions only for heavy hex nuts. Refer to 7.3.1.

TABLE 11 Proof Load for Large Heavy Hex Nuts — Metric^A

| Nominal | Thread Pitch | Stress Area, mm ² | Proof Load, kN ^B | | |
|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Size, mm | | | Grade 1 Heavy Hex | Grades 2, 6, 6F Heavy Hex | Grades 2H, 3, 4, 7, 16 Heavy Hex |
| M42 | 4.5 | 1120 | 1002.4 | 1159.2 | 1771.4 |
| M48 | 5 | 1470 | 1315.7 | 1521.4 | 1771.4 |
| M56 | 5.5 | 2030 | 1816.9 | 2101.0 | 2446.2 |
| M64 | 6 | 2680 | 2398.6 | 2773.8 | 3229.4 |
| M72 | 6 | 3460 | 3096.7 | 3581.1 | 4169.3 |

^A ANSI B 18.2.4.6M in the size range over M36 provides dimensions only for heavy hex nuts. Refer to 7.3.1.

S6. Grain Size Requirements for Non H Grade Austenitic Steels Used Above 1000°F

S6.1 For design metal temperatures above 1000°F [540°C], the material shall have a grain size of No. 7 or coarser as

determined in accordance with Test Methods E 112. The grain size so determined shall be reported on the Certificate of Test.

^B Based on proof stress of 760 MPa up to M20 mm; 690 MPa M22 to M24 mm; 655 MPa M27 to M30; and 620 MPa for M36.

^C Based on proof stress of 690 MPa up to M20 mm; 620 MPa M22 to M24 mm; 585 MPa M27 to M30; and 550 MPa for M36.

 $^{^{}D}$ Based on proof stress of 860 MPa up to M20 mm, 795 MPa M22 to M24 mm, 725 MPa M27 to M30 mm, and 690 MPa for M36.

^B Proof loads for nuts of larger dimensions or other thread series may be calculated by multiplying the thread stress area times the proof stress in the notes to Table 3 or Table 8. The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated load.

^B Proof loads for nuts of larger dimensions or other thread series may be calculated by multiplying the thread stress area times the proof stress in the notes to Table 3 or Table 8. The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated load.

APPENDIXES

(Nonmandatory Information)

X1. STRAIN HARDENING OF AUSTENITIC STEELS

X1.1 Strain hardening is the increase in strength and hardness that results from plastic deformation below the recrystallization temperature (cold work). This effect is produced in austenitic stainless steels by reducing oversized bars to the desired final size by cold drawing or other process. The degree of strain hardening achievable in any alloy is limited by its strain hardening characteristics. In addition, the amount of strain hardening that can be produced is further limited by the variables of the process, such as the total amount of cross-

section reduction, die angle and bar size. In large diameter bars, for example, plastic deformation will occur principally in the outer regions of the bar, so that the increased strength and hardness due to strain hardening is achieved predominantly near the surface of the bar. That is, the smaller the bar, the greater the penetration of strain hardening. Thus, the mechanical properties of a given strain hardened fastener are dependent not just on the alloy, but also on the size of bar from which it is machined.

X2. COATINGS AND APPLICATION LIMITS

X2.1 Use of coated fasteners at temperatures above approximately one-half the melting point (Fahrenheit or Celsius) of the coating is not recommended unless consideration is given to the potential for liquid and solid metal embrittlement, or both. The melting point of elemental zinc is approximately

780°F [415°C]. Therefore, application of zinc coated fasteners should be limited to temperatures less than 390°F [210°C]. The melting point of cadmium is approximately 600°F [320°C]. Therefore, application of cadmium coated fasteners should be limited to temperatures less than 300°F [160°C].

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A 194/A 194M – 03a, which may impact the use of this specification. (Approved October 28, 2003)

- (1) Clarified Impact test requirements in S3.1.
- (2) Changed maximum hardness of Grades 2H, 3, 4, 7, and 16 in Table 2.

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A 194/A 194M – 03, which may impact the use of this specification. (Approved May 10, 2003)

(1) Added Grade L7M to Supplementary section S3.

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